

PURPOSE & DESCRIPTION

Filtrexx[®] Compsot Storm Water Blanket (CSWBTM) is a **storm water runoff reduction** and **permanent vegetation establishment** practice used on postconstruction soil surfaces. CSWB are intended for application and use where:

- land disturbing activities have ceased,
- permanent vegetation is required,
- reduction of pollutant loading in storm runoff is required,
- runoff volume reduction from contributing watershed is necessary,
- reduction in the size of storm water collection or bio-retention ponds, and rain gardens is necessary.

CSWB are designed to act like a sponge for rain water and non-concentrated storm runoff. By holding large volumes of water at and across the land surface, CSWB increase the infiltration and evapotransporation of water from rainfall and storm runoff. These processes aid the cycling of water by recharging ground water and atmospheric water vapor. By increasing the land surface roughness, CSWB slow the rate of sheet runoff, allowing it to more readily infiltrate the soil surface. CSWB are also specifically designed to allow for permanent and sustained vegetation growth.

APPLICATION

CSWB are surface applied at a depth of 2 in (50mm). CSWB are used where reduction of storm water runoff and/or permanent vegetation is required or will improve the design and function of the landscape. CSWB are generally applied after land disturbing activities have ceased and where sheet runoff may exist under storm conditions. CSWB should NOT be used in areas of concentrated storm water flow. CSWB should not be used on slopes greater than 2:1 without the use of additional stabilizers or support practices (See Section 1.8 of Filtrexx Design Manual). Filtrexx Slope Interruption (See Section 1.5 of Filtrexx Design Manual) may be seeded and used with CSWB to slow runoff velocity

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SECTION 2: POST-CONSTRUCTION

SWPPP CUT SHEET

Filtrexx[®] Compost Storm Water Blanket (CSWB) (GrowingMedia[™])

and the potential for soil erosion.

CSWB are designed to absorb water. For every 1% of organic matter, the CSWB will hold approximately 5,500 gal (21 cubic m) of water per acre inch (103 cubic m) (Breedlove, 2006). CSWB are typically 25% organic matter by wet weight and 50% organic matter by dry weight. Alternatively, CSWB typically hold approximately 1.6 oz (45 g) of water per 3.6 oz (100 g) of CSWB (dry weight); 1 gal (0.004 cubic m) of water per 20 lbs (9 kg) of CSWB (dry wt) or per 30 lbs (14 kg) of CSWB (wet wt). This equates to approximately 40 gal (0.15 cubic m) of water per cubic yard (0.76 cubic m) of CSWB and 5,400 gal (722 cubic ft, 20 cubic m) of water per acre inch (0.01 ha meter, 103 cubic m) of CSWB, and 10,800 gal (1444 cubic ft, 41 cubic m) of water for a 2 in (50mm) CSWB; An acre inch (0.01 ha meter) of CSWB requires approximately 135 cubic yards (103 cubic meters) of material.

Although most specification and design manuals include fertilizer recommendations or requirements for permanent vegetation establishment, mineral nutrients from fertilizers may not be preferable where vegetation sustainability and water quality are a concern. CSWB provide organic nutrients, which: are slow release, provide plant micronutrients, and are less likely to be transported in storm runoff to receiving waters – which can reduce pollution and eutrophication of waterways.

INSTALLATION

- CSWB used for storm runoff reduction and permanent vegetation establishment shall meet Filtrexx® Compost Storm Water Blanket Specifications and use Filtrexx® GrowingMediaTM.
- Contractor is required to be a Filtrexx[®] CertifiedSM Installer as determined by Filtrexx International (877-542-7699). Certification shall be considered current if appropriate identification is shown during time of bid or at time of application. Look for the Filtrexx[®] CertifiedSM Installer Seal.
- 3. CSWB will be placed at locations indicated on

plans as directed by the Engineer.

- 4. Land or soil surface shall be roughened prior to application of CSWB.
- CSWB shall be applied to 100% of the land surface area where storm water reduction and permanent vegetation is required. No native soil shall be visible in or through the CSWB.
- 6. CSWB shall be applied at a minimum depth of 2 in (50mm) or at a rate of 270 cubic yards/ac (513 cubic m/ha).
- Seed shall be thoroughly mixed with the GrowingMedia[™] prior to application or surface applied to GrowingMedia[™] at time of application.
- CSWB shall not be installed in areas of concentrated storm runoff flow, including channels and ditches.
- CSWB shall be installed at least 10 ft (3m) over and beyond the shoulder of a slope and/or into existing vegetation to ensure runoff does not undercut the blanket.
- 10. CSWB installed on slopes: greater than or equal to 4:1 shall be tracked; greater than 2:1 shall be tracked and use other support practices (See Section 1.8 of Filtrexx Design Manual).

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

Routine inspection should be conducted within 24 hrs of a runoff event or as designated by the regulating authority. If rilling occurs or vegetation does not establish, the area of application should be reapplied with a CSWB. If failure continues, the use of runoff diversion devices, slope interruption devices, erosion control support practices, soil stabilizers, turf reinforcement mats, or hard armoring practices should be considered. CSWB should be inspected until permanent vegetation is established. Permanent vegetation practices should always be inspected for noxious or invasive weeds.

- 1. The Contractor shall maintain the stormwater blanket in a functional condition and it shall be routinely inspected until vegetation is established.
- 2. CSWB shall be maintained until a minimum of 70% uniform cover of the applied area has been vegetated or as required by the juris-dictional agency.
- 3. CSWB may require regular irrigation during hot and dry weather, or arid and semi-arid climates to ensure permanent vegetation establishment.
- 4. Where a CSWB fails, rilling occurs, or vegetation does not establish the Contractor will repair or provide an approved and functioning alternative.
- If gullies form in CSWB, the area shall be re-graded prior to reinstallation of CSWB or approved

alternative.

- 6. If a CSWB is damaged by stormwater runoff, installation of slope interruption devices across the slope, or runoff diversion devices above the CSWB may be required.
- 7. No additional fertilizer or lime is required for vegetation establishment and maintenance.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

For other references on this topic, including additional research reports and trade magazine and press coverage, visit the Filtrexx website at www.filtrexx.com

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